

Product Safety Data Sheet

1. IDENTIFICATION

- Product name: Lithium-ion Button Cell Battery
- Other mean of identification: Lithium-ion Battery
- Product size: Z35FH
- Recommended use: N/A
- Restriction on use: N/A
- Company name: Zhuhai Zhi Li Battery Co., Ltd.
- Address: 7/F, Building 10, Xiang Zhou North Industry Park, Zhuhai, Guangdong 519002, China
- Telephone number: +86 756 3800368
- Fax number: +86 756 3800388
- Emergency telephone number: +86 756 3800368

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

For the battery cell, chemical materials are stored in a hermetically sealed metal case, designed to withstand temperatures and pressures encountered during normal use. As a result, during normal use, there is no physical danger of ignition or explosion and chemical danger of hazardous materials' leakage.

However, if exposed to a fire, added mechanical shocks, decomposed, added electric stress by miss-use, the battery cell case will be breached at the extreme, hazardous materials may be released.

Moreover, if heated strongly by the surrounding fire, acrid gas may be emitted.

- GHS Classification
Not dangerous substance or mixture according to the Globally Harmonized System(GHS)
- Label elements
Symbols/ Pictograms: N/A
Signal word: N/A
Hazard Statements: Not classified
Prevention: N/A
Response: N/A
Storage: N/A
Disposal: N/A
- Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)
No information available
- Unknown acute toxicity
No information available

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

- Substance or preparation: Preparation
- Information about the chemical nature of product:

Common chemical name / General name		CAS number	Concentration / Concentration range	Classification and hazard labeling
Lithium cobaltate (LiCoO ₂)		12190-79-3	0-15%	-
LiNi _x Mn _y Co _(1-x-y) O ₂	LiNiO ₂ 0-90%	12031-65-1	0-15%	-
	LiCoO ₂ 0-90%	12190-79-3		
	LiMnO ₂ 0-90%	12057-17-9		
Aluminum		7429-90-5	2-8%	-
Graphite		7782-42-5	5-15%	-
Stainless Steel		65997-19-5	30-50%	-
Copper		7440-50-8	3-10%	-
Nickel		7440-02-0	0-2%	Inflammable liquid
Organic electrolyte:				
Lithium Hexafluorophosphate (LiPF ₆)		21324-40-3	0.5-2%	
Ethylene carbonate (EC)		96-49-1	0-7%	
Diethyl carbonate (DEC)		105-58-8	0-7%	
Ethyl methyl carbonate (EMC)		623-53-0	0-7%	
Propylene carbonate (PC)		108-32-7	0-7%	

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES**Spilled internal cell materials**

- **Inhalation:**
Make the victim blow his/her nose, gargle. Seek medical attention if necessary.
- **Skin contact:**
Remove contaminated clothes and shoes immediately. Wash extraneous matter or contact region with soap and plenty of water immediately.
- **Eye contact:**
Do not rub one's eyes. Immediately flush eyes with water continuously for at least 15 minutes. Seek medical attention immediately.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed: N/A

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed: N/A

A battery cell and spilled internal cell materials

- **Ingestion:**
Make the victim vomit. When it is impossible or the feeling is not well after vomiting, seek medical attention.
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5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURE

- **Suitable extinguishing media:** Plenty of water, carbon dioxide gas, nitrogen gas, chemical powder fire extinguishing medium and fire foam.
 - **Specific hazards:** Corrosive gas may be emitted during fire.
 - **Specific methods of fire-fighting:** When the battery burns with other combustibles simultaneously, take fire-extinguishing method which correspond to the combustibles. Extinguish a fire from the windward as much as possible.
 - **Special protective equipment for firefighters:**
Respiratory protection: Respiratory equipment of a gas cylinder style or protection-against-dust mask
Hand protection: Protective gloves
Eye protection: Goggle or protective glasses designed to protect against liquid splashes
Skin and body protection: Protective cloth
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6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Spilled internal cell materials, such as electrolyte leaked from a battery cell, are carefully dealt with according to the followings.

- **Precautions for human body:**
Remove spilled materials with protective equipment (protective glasses and protective gloves). Do not inhale the gas as much as possible. Moreover, avoid touching with as much as possible.
 - **Environmental precautions:** Do not throw out into the environment.
 - **Method of cleaning up:** The spilled solids are put into a container. The leaked place is wiped off with dry cloth.
 - **Prevention of secondary hazards:** Avoid re-scattering. Do not bring the collected materials close to fire.
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7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

- **Handling**
Technical measures:
Prevention of user exposure: Not necessary under normal use.
Prevention of fire and explosion: Not necessary under normal use.
Precaution for safe handling: Do not damage or remove the external tube.
Specific safe handling advice: Never throw out cells in a fire or expose to high temperatures. Do not soak cells in water or seawater. Do not expose to strong oxidizers. Do not give a strong mechanical shock or fling. Never disassemble, modify or deform. Do not connect the positive terminal to the negative terminal with electrically conductive material. In the case of charging, use only dedicated charger or charge according to the conditions specified .
 - **Storage**
Technical measures:
Storage conditions (suitable, to be avoided): Avoid direct sunlight, high temperature, high humidity.
Store in cool place (temperature: -20 ~ 35 degree C, humidity: 45 ~ 85%).
Incompatible products: Conductive materials, water, seawater, strong oxidizers and strong acids
Packing material (recommended, not suitable): Insulative and tear proof materials are recommended.
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8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

- Engineering controls:

No engineering is necessary during normal use. In case of internal cell materials' leakage, operate the local exhaust or improve ventilation.

- Control parameters

Common chemical name / General name	ACGIH (2002)	
	TLV-TWA	BEI
Lithium Cobaltate (LiCoO ₂)	0.02mg/m ³ (as cobalt)	-
LiNi _x Mn _y Co _(1-x-y) O ₂	0.02mg/m ³ (as cobalt)	-
Aluminum	10mg/m ³ (metal coarse particulate) 5mg/m ³ (flammable powder) 5mg/m ³ (weld fume)	-
Graphite	2mg/m ³ (inhalant coarse particulate)	-
Copper	0.2mg/m ³ (fume) 1.0mg/m ³ (a coarse particulate, Mist)	-
Nickle	0.01mg/m ³ (as nickle)	-
Organic electrolyte	-	-

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, Inc.

TLV-TWA: Threshold Limit Value-Time Weighted Average concentration

BEI: Biological Exposure Indices

- Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection: Respirator with air cylinder, dust mask

Hand protection: Protective gloves

Eye protection: Goggle or protective glasses designed to protect against liquid splashes

Skin and body protection: Working clothes with long sleeve and long trousers

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

- Appearance

Physical state: Solid

Form: Cylindrical / Coin

Color: Metallic color

Odor: No odor

Odor threshold: N/A

- PH: N/A

- Melting point/freezing point: N/A

- Initial boiling point and boiling rang: N/A

- Specific temperatures/temperature ranges at which changes in physical state occur:

There is no useful information for the product as a mixture.

- Flash point: N/A

- Evaporation rate: N/A

- Flammability(solid, gas): N/A

- Explosion properties: N/A

- Vapor pressure, kPa at 20°C: N/A

- Vapor density: N/A

- Density/Relative density(water= 1): N/A

- Solubility ,with indication of the solvent(s): Insoluble in water

- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water: N/A

- Auto-ignition temperature: N/A

- Decomposition temperature: N/A

- Viscosity: N/A

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

- Stability: Stable under normal use

- Hazardous reactions occurring under specific conditions

Conditions to avoid: When a battery cell is exposed to an external short-circuit, crushes, deformation, high temperature above 100 degree C, it will be the cause of heat generation and ignition. Direct sunlight and high humidity.

Materials to avoid: Conductive materials, water, seawater, strong oxidizers and strong acids.

Hazardous decomposition products: Acrid or harmful gas is emitted during fire.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

There is no available data on the product itself. The information of the internal cell materials is as follows.

Lithium cobaltate (LiCoO_2)

- Acute toxicity: No applicable data.
Reference cobalt: LDLo, oral - Guinea pig 20mg/kg
- Local effects: Unknown.
- Sensitization:
The nervous system of respiratory organs may be stimulated sensitively.
- Chronic toxicity/Long term toxicity:
By the long-term inhalation of coarse particulate or vapor of cobalt, it is possible to cause the serious respiratory-organs disease. Skin reaction or a lung disease for allergic or hypersensitive person may be caused.
- Skin causticity: Although it is very rare, the rash of the skin and allergic erythema may result.

 $\text{LiNi}_x\text{Mn}_y\text{Co}_{(1-x-y)}\text{O}_2$

- Acute toxicity: No applicable data.
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- Local effects: Unknown.
- Sensitization:
The nervous system of respiratory organs may be stimulated sensitively.
- Chronic toxicity/Long term toxicity:
By the long-term inhalation of coarse particulate or vapor of cobalt, it is possible to cause the serious respiratory-organs disease. Skin reaction or a lung disease for allergic or hypersensitive person may be caused.
- Skin causticity: Although it is very rare, the rash of the skin and allergic erythema may result.

Aluminum

- Local effects: Aluminum itself has no toxicity. When it goes into a wound, dermatitis may be caused.
- Chronic toxicity/Long term toxicity: By the long-term inhalation of coarse particulate or fume, it is possible to cause lung damage (aluminum lungs).

Graphite

- Acute toxicity: Unknown.
- Local effects: When it goes into one's eyes, it stimulates one's eyes; conjunctivitis, thickening of corneal epithelium or edematous inflammation palpebra may be caused.
- Chronic toxicity/Long term toxicity:
Since the long-term inhalation of high levels of graphite coarse particulate may become a cause of a lung disease or a tracheal disease.
- Carcinogenicity:
Graphite is not recognized as a cause of cancer by research organizations and natural toxic substance research organizations of cancer.

Copper

- Acute toxicity:
60-100mg sized coarse particulate causes a gastrointestinal disturbance with nausea and inflammation. TDLo, hypodermic - Rabbit 375mg/kg
- Local effects:
Coarse particulate stimulates a nose and a tracheal.
When it goes into one's eyes, the symptom of the reddening and the pain is caused.
- Sensitization: Sensitization of the skin may be caused by long-term or repetitive contact.
- Reproductive effects: TDLo, oral - Rat 152mg/kg

Organic Electrolyte

- Acute toxicity:
LD50, oral - Rat 2,000mg/kg or more
- Local effects: Unknown.
- Skin irritation study: Rabbit - Mild
- eye irritation study: Rabbit - Very severe

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

- Persistence/degradability:
Since a battery cell and the internal materials remain in the environment, do not bury or throw out into the environment.
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13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

- Recommended methods for safe and environmentally preferred disposal:

Product (waste from residues)

Do not throw out a used battery cell. Recycle it through the recycling company.

Contaminated packaging

Neither a container nor packing is contaminated during normal use. When internal materials leaked from a battery cell contaminates, dispose as industrial wastes subject to special control.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

UN number: 3480 or 3481

Proper shipping name:

For PI 965 "Lithium ion batteries"

For PI 966 "Lithium ion batteries packed with equipment "

For PI 967 "Lithium ion batteries contained in equipment"

Transport hazards class(es): 9

Packing group: N/A

Packing Sign: N/A

Environmental hazards Marine pollutant: No

Special precautions for user: No information available.

Lithium-ion button cell batteries manufactured by ZeniPower are tested according to 38.3 of the "UN Manual of Tests and Criteria" for compliance.

In the case of transportation, avoid exposure to high temperature and prevent the formation of any condensation. Take in a cargo of them without falling, dropping and breakage. Prevent collapse of cargo piles and wet by rain. The container must be handled carefully. Do not give shocks that result in a mark of hitting on a cell. Please refer to Section 7-HANDLING AND STORAGE also.

Regulation depends on region and transportation mode

- Worldwide, air transportation:
IATA-DGR [packing instruction 965 section IB of 65th DGR Manual of IATA (2024 Edition)]
 - Worldwide, sea transportation:
IMO-IMDG Code [special provision 188]
 - Europe, road transportation:
ADR [special provision 188]
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15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

- Regulations specifically applicable to the product:
US Department of Transportation 49 Code of Federal Regulations [USA]

* About overlapping regulations, please refer to Section 14-TRANSPORT INFORMATION.

16. OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

- Issue time: 2023-12-19
- This safety data sheet is offered an agency who handles this product to handle it safely.
- The agency should utilize this safety data sheet effectively (put it up, educate person in charge) and take proper measures.
- The information contained in this safety data sheet is based on the present state of knowledge and current legislation.
- This safety data sheet provides guidance on health, safety and environmental aspects of the product and should not be construed as any guarantee of technical performance or suitability for particular applications.

Reference

Chemical substances information: Japan Advanced Information center of Safety and Health International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSCs): International Occupational Safety and Health Information Centre (CIS)
2013 TLVs and BEIs: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH)
Dangerous Goods Regulations – 65 th Edition Effective 1 January 2024: International Air Transport Association (IATA)
IMDG Code - 2022 Edition: International Maritime Organization (IMO)
The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road - 2013: The United Nations Economic Commission for Europe (UNECE)
RTECS (CD-ROM)
MSDS of raw materials prepared by the manufacturers
